Write	your	name	here

Surname

Other Names

Mathematics June 2024 Practice Paper 2 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name,
- centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.



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Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

Perimeter, area and volume

Where *a* and *b* are the lengths of the parallel sides and h is their perpendicular separation:

Area of a trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$

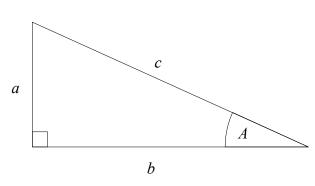
Volume of a prism = area of cross section \times length

Where r is the radius and d is the diameter:

Circumference of a circle = $2\pi r = \pi d$

Area of a circle = πr^2

Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry



Where P is the principal amount, r is the interest

rate over a given period and n is number of times

Total accrued = $P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$

In any right-angled triangle where a, b and c are the length of the sides and c is the hypotenuse:

 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

In any right-angled triangle ABC where a, b and c are the length of the sides and c is the hypotenuse:

$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c} \quad \cos A = \frac{b}{c} \quad \tan A = \frac{a}{b}$$

Probability

Where P(A) is the probability of outcome A and P(B) is the probability of outcome B:

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

END OF EXAM AID

Compound Interest

that the interest is compounded:

1	Change 450 centimetres into metres.		
		(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)	metres
2	Simplify $3f + 5f - f$		
		(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)	
3	Work out 10% of 540		
		(Total for Question 3 is 1 mark)	
ļ	Write down a multiple of 7 that is between 40 and 50		
		(Total for Question 4 is 1 mark)	
	Work out 2.5^2		
		(Total for Question 5 is 1 mark)	

6 A film starts at 7.55 pm. The film lasts 88 minutes.

What time does the film finish?

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

7 A taxi company uses the rule below to work out the cost of a journey.

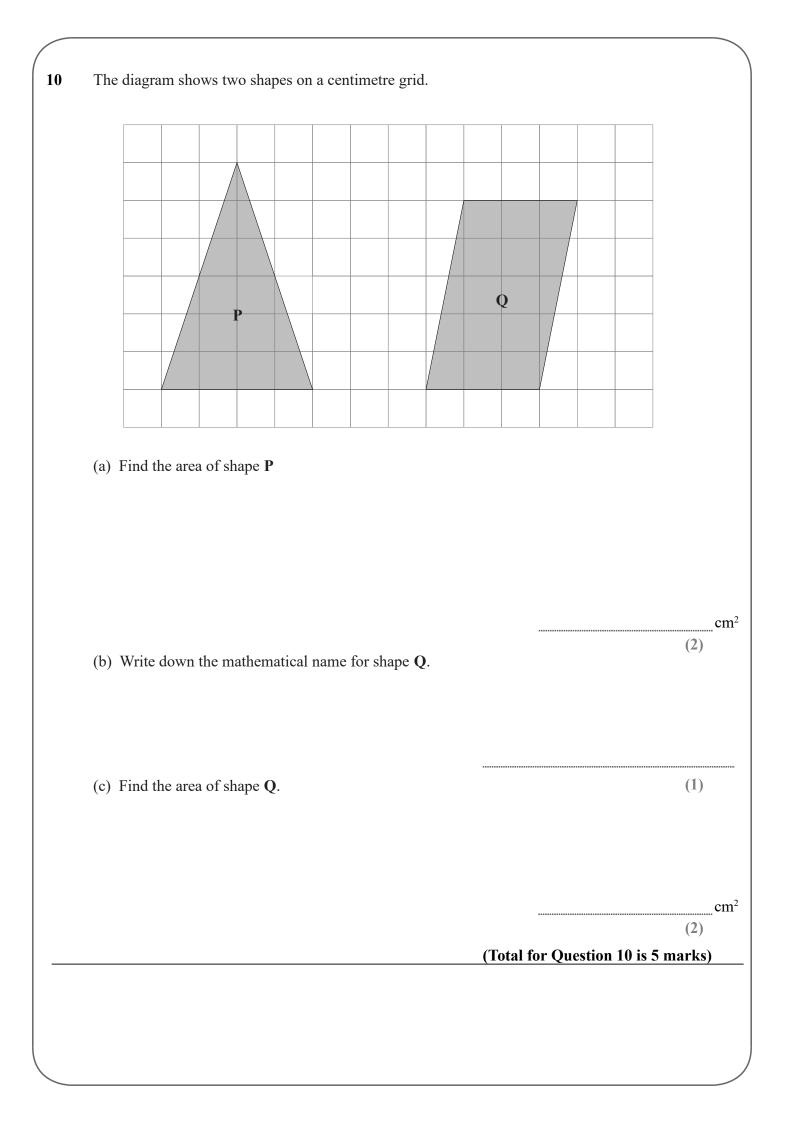
Fare = $\pounds 1.50 + \pounds 2.25$ per mile

Work out the cost of a 6 mile journey with the taxi company.

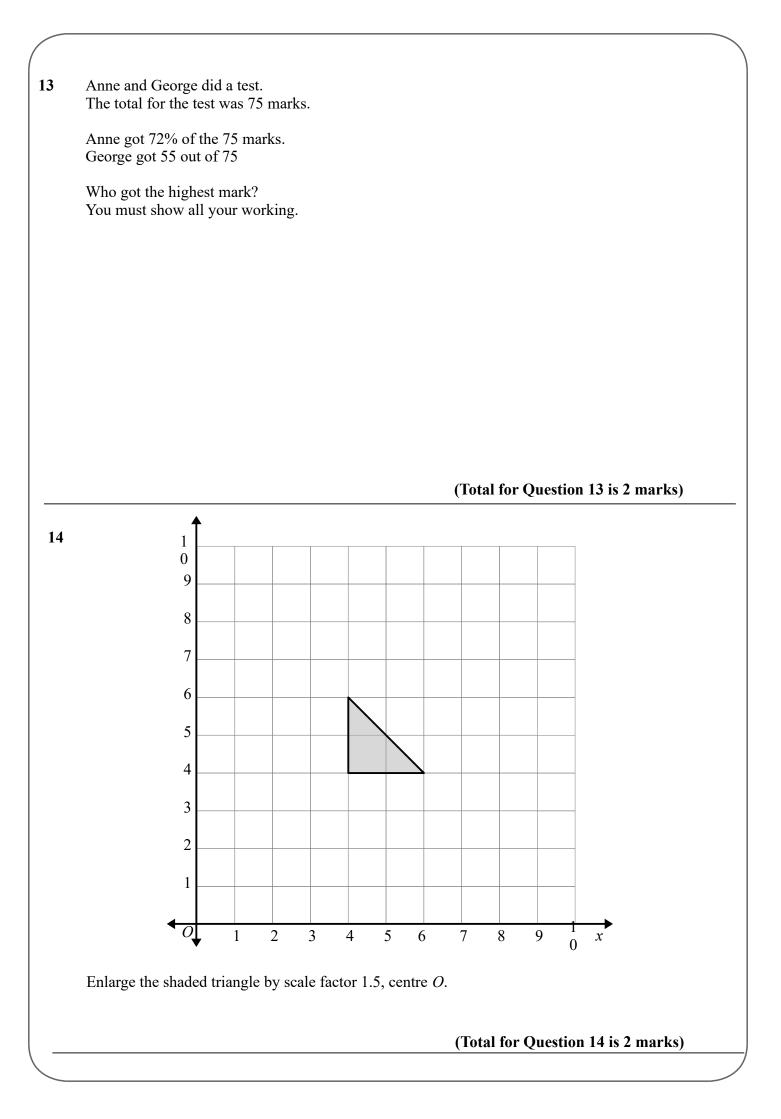
£_____

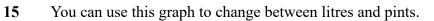
(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)

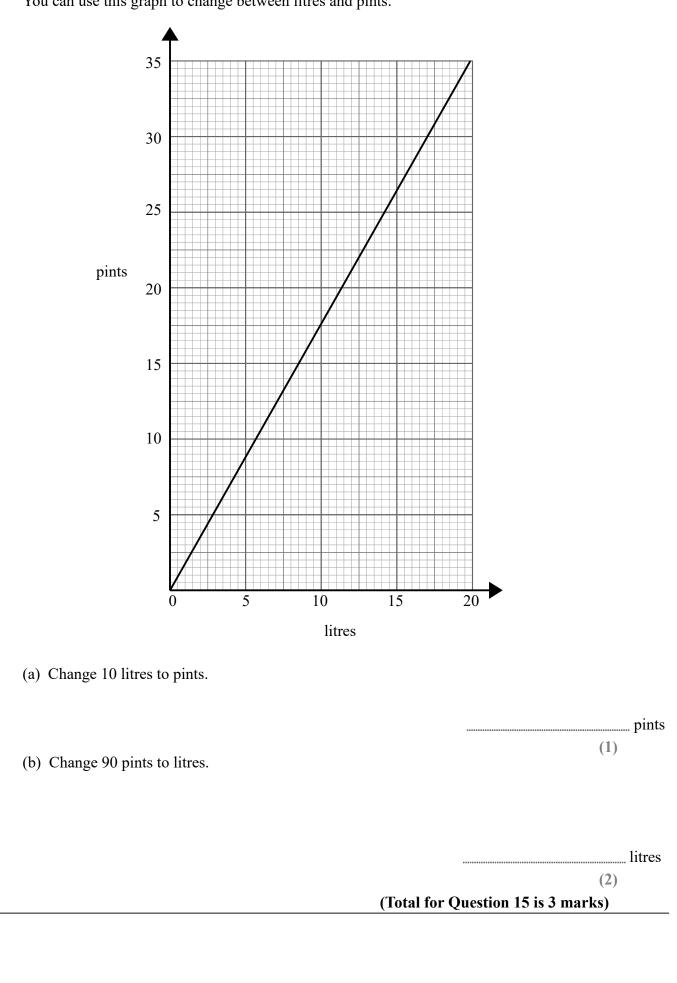
Colour	Red	Blue	Yellow	Green]
Number of Counters	7	2	5	3	
A counter is taken at randor	n from the bag.				
(a) Write down the probabi		is green.			
(b) Write down the probabi	lity that the counter	is not blue.			(1)
		æ			(2)
		(10	otal for Quest	tion 8 is 3 ma	rks)
Felicity has three bags of sv	veets, A, B and C.				
Bag A and bag B have the s Bag C has 35 sweets in it.	ame number of swe	ets.			
	total of 119 sweets.				
In the three bags, there is a Work out the number of swe					
In the three bags, there is a					
In the three bags, there is a					
In the three bags, there is a					
In the three bags, there is a					
In the three bags, there is a					



(b) Write the fol Start with the sm	llowing fractions nallest fraction.	in order of s	ize.		(2)
	$\frac{7}{8}$	$\frac{13}{16}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{25}{32}$	
				(Total for Questio	(2) on 11 is 4 marks)
The first term of The term-to-term	a sequence of nu rule of this sequ	mbers is 17 ience is 'add	4'		
Is 92 a number in Give a reason fo	n this sequence?				
				(Total for Question	12 is 1 mark)



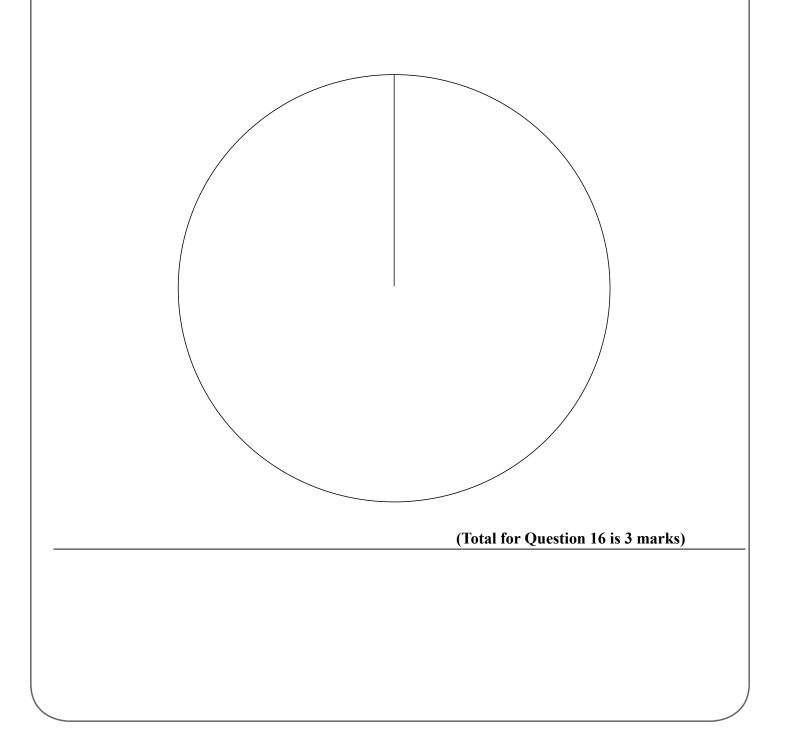




Colour	Frequency
Black	24
Silver	16
White	15
Blue	5

16 The table shows some information about the colours of cars parked in a car park.

Draw an accurate pie chart to show this information.



17	The accurate scale drawing shows a field.	
	◀ 49.5 metres	
	The field has a real length of 49.5 metres	
	Find an estimate for the real area of the field.	
		Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

18	(a) Factorise 10–15 <i>a</i>		
	(b) Factorise fully $3x^2y + 6xy^2$	(1)	
		(2) (Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)	
19	Last season a football team scored 38 goals. This season the football team scored 77 goals.		
	Work out the percentage increase in the number of go	als scored.	
			. %
		(Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)	

)	The height of a building is 310 metres, correct to the nearest metre.
	Complete the error interval for the height of the building.
	$m \leq length < \dots$
	(Total for Question 20 is 2 marks)
	Work out $(3.12 \times 10^{-6}) \div (2.5 \times 10^{-4})$
	Give your answer in standard form.
	(Total for Question 21 is 2 marks)

22 Three buses, bus A, bus B and bus C, all use the same bus stop.

Bus A runs every 10 minutes. Bus B runs every 12 minutes. Bus C runs every 14 minutes.

All three buses are at the bus stop at 11 am.

What time will all three buses next be at the bus stop.

(Total for Question 22 is 3 marks)

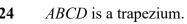
23 The table gives information about the times taken, in seconds, by 20 students to run a race.

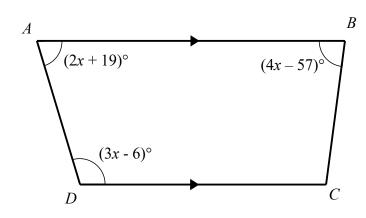
Time (t seconds)	Frequency
$20 < t \le 25$	2
$25 < t \le 30$	10
$30 < t \le 35$	5
$35 < t \le 45$	3

Work out an estimate for the mean time.

seconds

(Total for Question 23 is 3 marks)



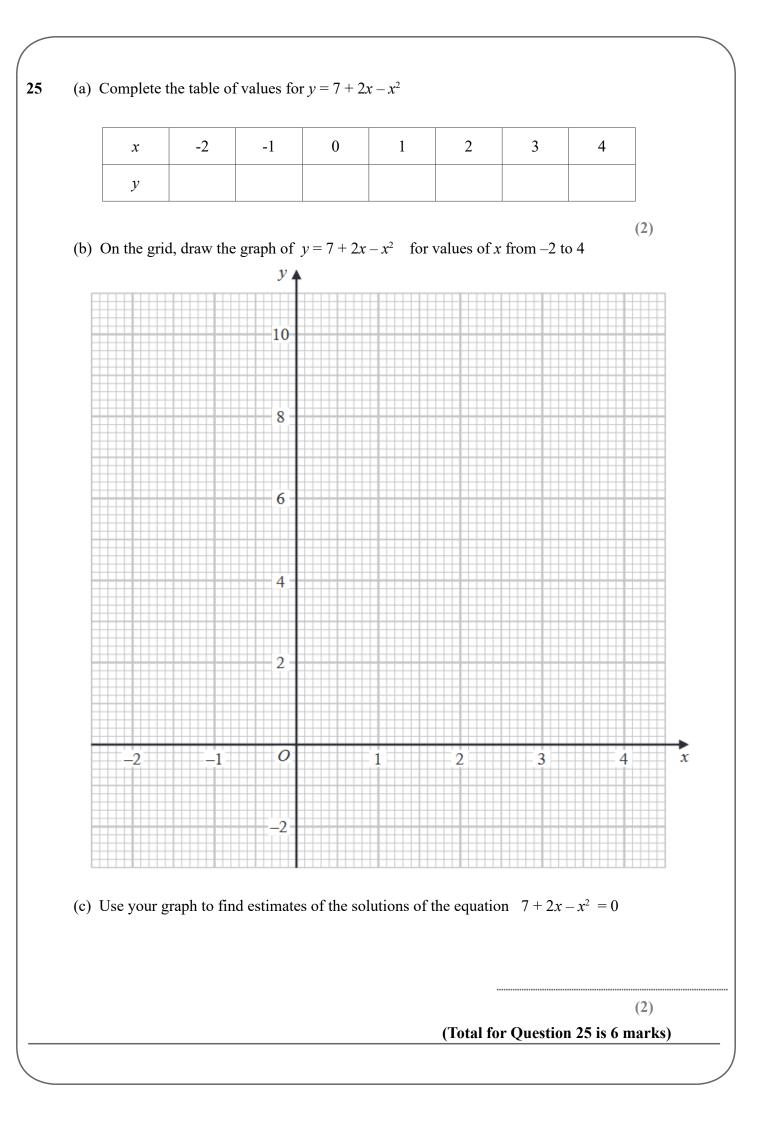


AB is parallel to *DC* Find the size of angle *BCD*.

(Total for Question 24 is 4 marks)

0

24



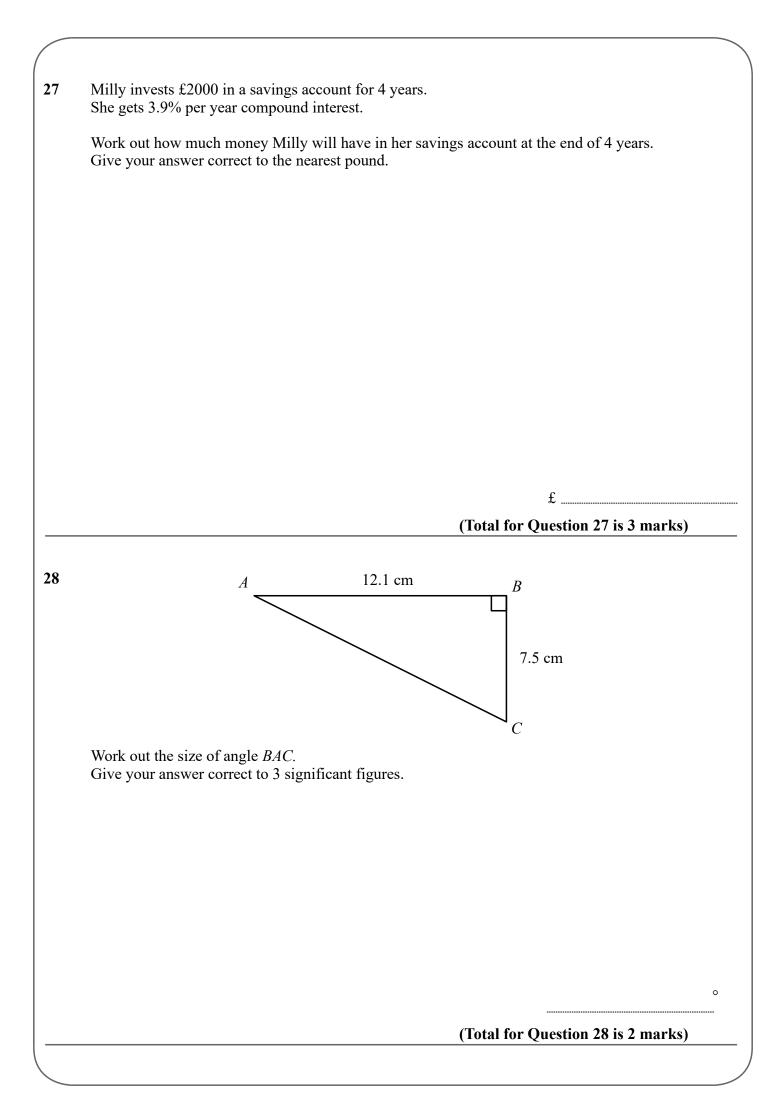
26 Josh drove 39 miles from Luton to Cambridge. He then drove 63 miles from Cambridge to Norwich.

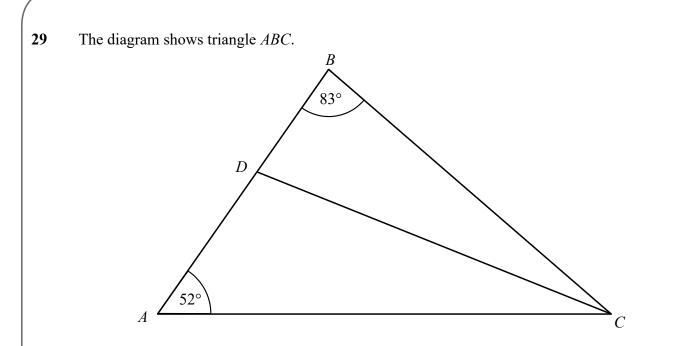
Josh's average speed from Luton to Cambridge was 32 miles per hour Josh took 80 minutes to drive from Cambridge to Norwich.

Work out Josh's average speed for his total drive from Luton to Norwich.

miles per hour

(Total for Question 26 is 4 marks)





ADB is a straight line.

the size of angle BCD: the size of angle ACD = 2:3

Work out the size of angle *ADC*.

(Total for Question 29 is 4 marks)

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